

Psychiatric Services Report

BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PARTNERSHIP OVERSIGHT COUNCIL
OCTOBER 2017

10 Year look
back
showed...

- ▶ Kids stuck in EDs
- ▶ Out of State Residential Placement high
- ▶ High rates of inpatient days
- ▶ Long lengths of stay in congregate care
- ▶ High average lengths of stay in Residential
- ▶ Slow discharges
- ▶ Limited community based care, no EMPS, no EBP's

PA 13-178 and PA 15-27

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- ▶ A. System Organization, Financing and Accountability
- ▶ B. Health Promotion, Prevention and Early Identification
- ▶ C. Access to a Comprehensive Array of Services and Supports
- ▶ D. Pediatric Primary Care and Behavioral Health Care Integration
- ▶ E. Disparities in Access to Culturally Appropriate Care
- ▶ F. Family and Youth Engagement
- ▶ G. Workforce

Key Tenets

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- ▶ Children and youth with behavioral health needs are identified early and have access to appropriate care
- ▶ The service system promotes equity and reduces racial and ethnic disparities
- ▶ There is a full service array that is available and children/youth and families are matched to the appropriate treatment based on their needs
- ▶ Providers are trained and supported to provide services backed by the best available science for effectiveness
- ▶ Services are supported by robust data collection, reporting, quality improvement systems
- ▶ Children/youth and families achieve the best possible outcomes and expenditures are held at reasonable levels

Improving Children's Behavioral Health Care in Connecticut

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- Service systems have been designed to promote access, quality, and outcomes
- Increased awareness of health equity and disparities, with implications for programming and data collection/reporting
- More kids are getting cutting-edge treatment than ever before; CT is a national leader in delivery of EBTs and trauma-informed systems and services
- Outcomes data demonstrate that kids are getting better
- We are delivering home, school, and community-based care that is effective and cost effective

Data Overview

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- ▶ Behavioral Health (BH) Emergency Department (ED) Visits
 - ▶ Total volume of BH ED visits and unique youth has increased since 2012
 - ▶ Overall Medicaid membership has increased during same time, ACA implementation
 - ▶ Integration of Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS) methodology in identification of BH ED visits
- ▶ Youth delayed in the ED
 - ▶ Decreased between 2013-2015, peak in 2013
 - ▶ Seasonal trends in youth delayed in the ED (March & April tend to be highest)
- ▶ Inpatient Psychiatric Hospitalization (excluding Solnit)
 - ▶ Average length of stay has dropped by 44% from 2007 to 2015
 - ▶ Discharge volume peaked in 2013 and has remained steady since
 - ▶ Percent of delayed days has declined over past 6 years
 - ▶ Volume of youth on discharge delay also declined between 2010 – 2015
 - ▶ Readmission rates have seen a decrease

Data Overview

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- ▶ Inpatient (including Solnit)
 - ▶ Overall statewide bed capacity has reduced slightly but due to a lower average LOS, more youth can get timely access to care
 - ▶ Average wait time for Solnit admissions has decreased
 - ▶ Wait time for admission to Solnit from ED has remained stable
- ▶ Community- and Home-based Services
 - ▶ Increase in admissions into Multi-Dimensional Family Therapy (MDFT) since 2010
 - ▶ Increase in admissions into Multi-systemic Therapy, with a dramatic increase between 2012 - 2014
 - ▶ Steady increase in utilization of Functional Family Therapy since 2010
 - ▶ IICAPS utilization reached a peak in 2014 and has decreased in recent years
 - ▶ Continued growth in utilization of outpatient services as measured by admits per 1,000 and absolute volume

Data Overview

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- ▶ Mobile Crisis
 - ▶ Increase in utilization with a peak of over 12,000 episodes
 - ▶ Implementation of performance metrics and quality improvement
 - ▶ Standardized workforce development and practice development
 - ▶ Measures (Ohio Scales) assessing services outcomes
- ▶ Evidence-based Practices
 - ▶ Implementation of several EBPs to address multiple issues
 - ▶ TF-CBT, MATCH-ADTC, CBITS, CFTSI, ARC, CPP
 - ▶ Outcomes show significant reduction in symptoms
 - ▶ Increase in number of children receiving EBPs

CT Findings

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- ▶ Growth in Community Resources including; EMPS, EBP availability, Crisis Stabilization/Crisis Respite
- ▶ Expansion of Mobile Crisis(EMPS) including the completion of 169 (82%) Memorandums of Agreement (MOA's) between Local Education Agencies (LEA's) and EMPS teams
- ▶ Development and implementation of the CT Trauma Screen (CTS) used across behavioral health, child welfare, juvenile justice, pediatric and educational settings
- ▶ 20K children/youth received a trauma screen since 2014
- ▶ Implementation of Substance Use Screening for Adolescents - Adolescent Screening, Brief Intervention and Referral for Treatment (A-SBIRT)

CT Findings

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- ▶ Continued investment in Infant Mental Health training and implementation of Circle of Security Parenting
- ▶ Implementation of CT's first Care Management Entity
- ▶ Over 9K people have been training in trauma informed initiatives
- ▶ Expansion of Modular Approach to Therapy for Children (MATCH) to 15 clinics, training 141 clinicians
- ▶ Implementation of Cognitive Behavioral Intervention for Trauma in Schools (CBITS) in 17 school districts in 46 schools

Questions